RESEARCH REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

Jangga People

Queensland

September 2001
Introduction
The Tribunal’s Research Unit prepares bibliographies as a ready reference for anyone wanting to locate readily available, published material about Indigenous Australian people within a particular region or locality. The bibliographies are produced for general library use from reports prepared by the Tribunal for parties to native title mediations. The bibliographies are not exhaustive reference lists about any particular Indigenous group, nor is the published material necessarily an accurate or insightful report of Indigenous society. The Research Unit may update bibliographies from time to time, usually because a new research report has been reproduced for parties to mediation.

It should be noted that the contents and production of these reports are governed by time and resource constraints. They are often prepared in four to eight weeks by a single research officer with some input from a research assistant and Tribunal librarian. Generally most of the references sought for these reports are available only from the AIATSIS library, which in turn has limited resources available to supply material. Therefore care is taken to request only that material which appears relevant to the scope of a particular report.

Disclaimer: The bibliographies are a list of materials that have been used by the Research Unit of the Tribunal to provide background information for native title mediations. The Tribunal forms no view on the accuracy, completeness, or relevance of the reference material cited in these bibliographies. Most of this material is held at libraries and is available to the public. The Tribunal library may be able to assist in locating items.

Jangga People Report
The Jangga People report was prepared by research staff of the National Native Title Tribunal to assist in the mediation of the Jangga people’s native title determination application (QC98/10). This report was based on publicly and readily available information relevant to accounts on the traditional location of the Jangga people.

Research Method
The research material reviewed in this report was based largely on a search of the AIATSIS online catalogue, Mura, using the key words ‘Yangga’. This was supplemented by relevant material and further references found in Tindale’s 1974 text *Aboriginal Tribes of Australia: Their Terrain, Environmental Controls, Distribution, Limits, and Proper Names*. Additional material concerning the location of ‘Jangga’ was found in the following ‘general’ references and was also reviewed and included in this report:

- Davidson, D.S. 1938, *A Preliminary Register of Australian Tribes and Hordes*;
- Donohue, M. 1991, ‘AIATSIS Library Language Names and Community/Established Language Names’;
- Frazer, J. G. 1910, *Totemism and Exogamy: A treatise on Certain Early Forms of Superstition and Society*;
• Horton, D. ed. 1994, *Encyclopaedia of Aboriginal Australia*;
• Sutton, P. 1995, *Country: Aboriginal Boundaries and Land Ownership in Australia*; and
• Tindale, N.B. 1940, ‘Distribution of Australian Aboriginal Tribes: A Field Survey’.

As materials were limited a search of existing reports produced by the Research Unit were gleaned for further references. The following references were obtained:

• Brayshaw, H. 1990, *Well Beaten Paths: Aborigines of the Herbert Burdekin district, north Queensland, an Ethnographic and Archaeological Study*;
• Loos, N.A. 1970, ‘Frontier Conflict in the Bowen District, 1861-1874’; and

The following ‘filtering’ process was then applied. Of references listed on *Mura* only those listed as part of the ‘print collection’ were followed up, as sound tapes, film and microform are difficult to process given time and resource constraints.

**Bibliography**


Tindale, N.B. 1940, ‘Distribution of Australian Aboriginal Tribes: A Field Survey’, *Royal Society of South Australia*, vol. 64, no. 1.

